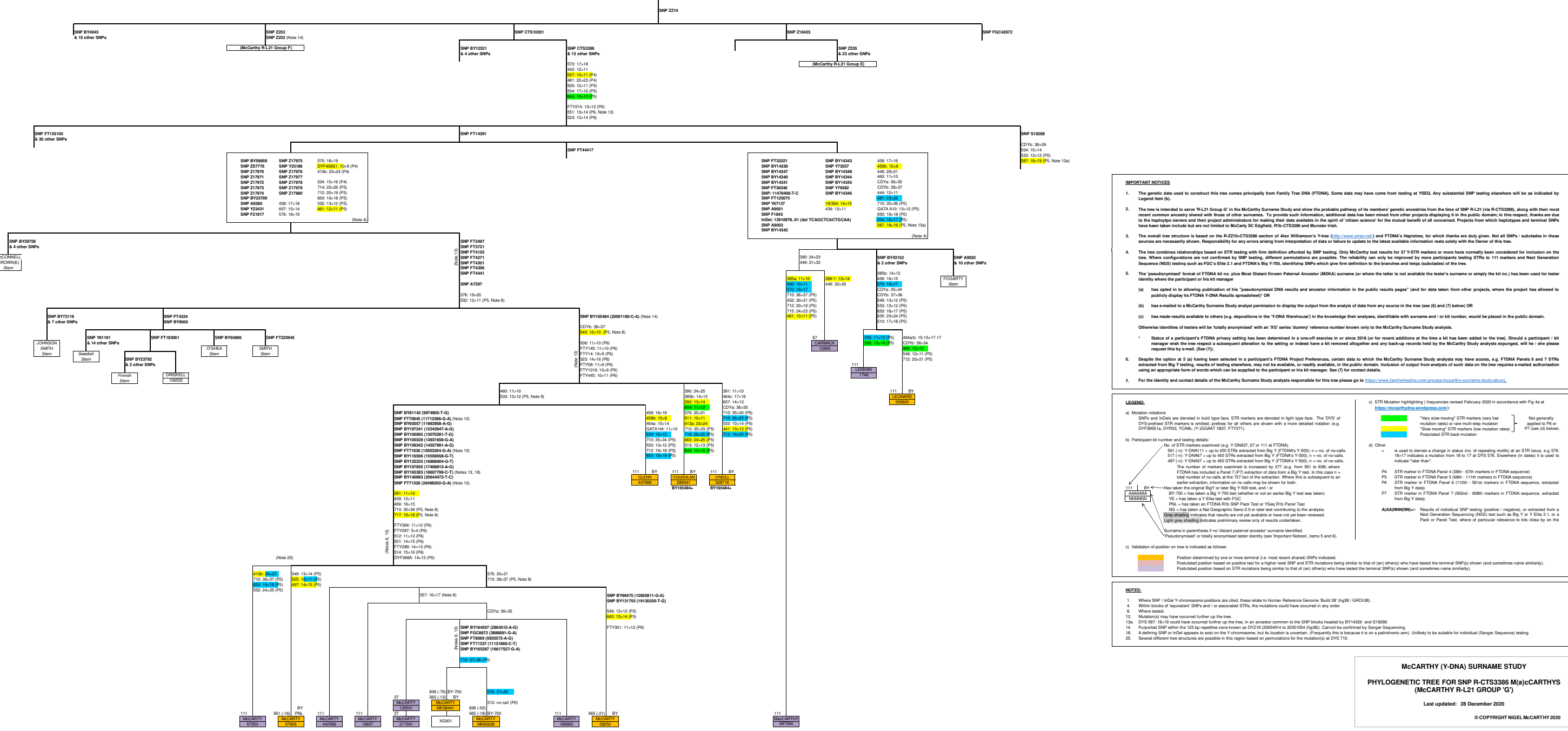


STRs (See Legend note (a)). Estimated ancestral haplotype for R-DF13 (values at CDYA, DY533 and DY5511 uncertain). FTDNA Panel 1-5. Panel 6, extracted from Big Y test data (where applicable). Value assumed: 36. Value assumed: 13.



IMPORTANT NOTICES
1. The genetic data used to construct this tree comes principally from Family Tree DNA (FTDNA). Some data may have come from testing at YSEQ. Any substantial SNP testing elsewhere will be as indicated by Legend item (b).
2. The tree is intended to serve R-L21 Group G in the McCarthy Surname Study and show the probable pathway of its members' genetic ancestries from the time of SNP R-L21 (via R-CTS3386), along with their most recent common ancestry shared with those of other surnames. To provide such information, additional data has been mined from other projects displaying it in the public domain; in this respect, thanks are due to the haplogroup owners and their project administrators for making their data available in the spirit of 'citizen science' for the mutual benefit of all concerned. Projects from which haplotypes and terminal SNPs have been taken include but are not limited to McCarthy SC (Gedfield), R-CTS3386 and Munster (Irish).
3. The overall tree structure is based on the R-Z210-CTS3386 section of Alec Williamson's Ytree (http://www.ytree.net) and FTDNA's Haplomes. For which thanks are due to their owner. Not all SNPs / subclades in these sources are necessarily shown. Responsibility for any errors arising from interpretation of data or failure to update to the latest available information rests solely with the original submitter.
4. The tree combines relationships based on STR testing with firm definition afforded by SNP testing. Only McCarthy test results for 37 Y-STR markers or more have normally been considered for inclusion on the tree. Where configurations are not confirmed by SNP testing, different permutations are possible. The reliability can only be improved by more participants testing STRs to 111 markers and Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) testing such as FGC's Elite 2.1 and FTDNA's Big Y-700. Identifying SNPs which give firm definition to the branches and twigs (subclades) of the tree.
5. The 'pseudonymised' format of FTDNA kit no. plus Most Distant Known Paternal Ancestor (MDKA) surname (or where the latter is not available the tester's surname or simply the kit no.) has been used for tester identity where the participant or his kit manager
(a) has opted in to the allowing publication of his 'pseudonymised' DNA results and ancestor information in the public results pages' (and for data taken from other projects, where the project has allowed to publicly display its FTDNA Y-DNA Results spreadsheet); OR
(b) has emailed to a McCarthy Surname Study analyst permission to display the output from the analysis of data from any source in the tree (see (6) and (7) below) OR
(c) has made results available to others (e.g. depositions in the Y-DNA Warehouse) in the knowledge their analyses, identifiable with surname and / or kit number, would be placed in the public domain.
Otherwise identities of testers will be 'totally anonymised' with an 'XG' series 'dummy' reference number known only to the McCarthy Surname Study analysts.
Status of a participant's privacy setting has been determined in a one-off exercise in or since 2018 (or for recent additions at the time a kit has been added to the tree). Should a participant / kit manager wish to re-spec a subsequent alteration to the setting or indeed have a kit removed altogether and any back-up records held by the McCarthy Study analysts expunged, will he / she please request this in writing.
Despite the option at 5 (b) having been selected in a participant's FTDNA Project Preferences, certain data is not available, or readily available, in the public domain. Inclusion of output from analysis of such data on the tree requires e-mailed authorisation using an appropriate form of words which can be supplied to the participant or his kit manager. See (7) for contact details.
7. For the identity and contact details of the McCarthy Surname Study analysts responsible for this tree please go to https://www.familytreedna.com/groups/mccarthy-surname-study/about.

LEGEND:
a) Mutation notations
SNPs and indels are denoted in bold type face. STR markers are denoted in light type face. The 'DYS' of DYS-preferred STR markers is omitted; prefixes for all others are shown with a more detailed notation (e.g. DYS395b1a, DYS533, YCAA, YJGGAA17807, FTY371).
b) Participant kit number and testing details:
No. of STR markers examined (e.g. Y-DNA37; 67 or 111 at FTDNA).
561 (-): Y-DNA111 + up to 450 STRs extracted from Big Y (FTDNA's Y-500); n = n.o. of no-calls.
517 (-): Y-DNA67 + up to 450 STRs extracted from Big Y (FTDNA's Y-500); n = n.o. of no-calls.
487 (-): Y-DNA37 + up to 450 STRs extracted from Big Y (FTDNA's Y-500); n = n.o. of no-calls.
The number of markers examined is increased by 277 (e.g. from 561 to 838) where FTDNA has included a Panel 7 (P7) extraction of data from a Big Y test. In this case n = total number of no-calls at the 727 loci of the extraction. Where this is subsequent to an earlier extraction, information on no-calls may be shown for both.
YE = has taken a Y-Elite test with FGC.
BY = has taken a Big Y-700 test (whether or not an earlier Big Y test was taken).
NG = has taken a Next Geographic Geno 2.0 or later test contributing to the analysis.
Light gray shading indicates preliminary review only of results undertaken.
Surname in parenthesis if no 'distinct paternal ancestor' surname identified.
'Pseudonymised' or totally anonymised tester identity (see 'Important Notices', items 5 and 6).
c) Validation of position on tree is indicated as follows:
Position determined by one or more terminal (i.e. most recent shared) SNPs indicated.
Postulated position based on positive test for a higher level SNP and STR mutations being similar to that of (an) other(s) who have tested the terminal SNP(s) shown (and sometimes name similarity).
Postulated position based on STR mutations being similar to that of (an) other(s) who have tested the terminal SNP(s) shown (and sometimes name similarity).
d) STR Mutation highlighting (frequencies revised February 2020 in accordance with Fig 4a at https://mccarthydna.wordpress.com/):
Not generally applied to P6 or P7 (see (6) below).
P4 STR marker in FTDNA Panel 4 (38th - 67th markers in FTDNA sequence)
P5 STR marker in FTDNA Panel 5 (68th - 111th markers in FTDNA sequence)
P6 STR marker in FTDNA Panel 6 (112th - 561st markers in FTDNA sequence, extracted from Big Y data).
P7 STR marker in FTDNA Panel 7 (562nd - 838th markers in FTDNA sequence, extracted from Big Y data).
AAANNNNNN- Results of individual SNP testing (positive / negative), or extracted from a Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) test such as Big Y or Y-Elite 2.1 or a Pack or Panel Test, where of particular relevance to kits close by on the

NOTES:
1. Where SNP / indel Y-chromosome positions are cited, these relate to Human Reference Genome 'Build 38' (hg38 / GRCh38).
4. Within blocks of 'equivalent' SNPs and / or associated STRs, the mutations could have occurred in any order.
8. Where tested.
13. Mutation(s) may have occurred further up the tree.
13a. DYS 581-18-19 could have occurred further up the tree, in an ancestor common to the SNP blocks headed by BY14339 and S12628.
14. Purported SNP within the 125 bp repetitive zone known as DY219 (20054914 to 20551054 (hg38)). Cannot be confirmed by Sangar Sequencing.
16. A defining SNP on indel appears to exist on the Y-chromosome, but its location is uncertain. (Frequency high on indel because it is a palindromic area). Unlikely to be suitable for individual (Sanger Sequence) testing.
25. Several different tree structures are possible in this region based on permutations for the mutation(s) at DYS 710.